

Math 323 - Formal Mathematical Reasoning and Writing  
Problem Session  
Wednesday, 1/28/15

Warm Up:

1. Define the terms **even** and **odd**.
2. Define the statements  $\mathbf{a} < \mathbf{b}$  and  $\mathbf{a} > \mathbf{b}$ .

Practice Problems:

Write up solutions for the following problems in the same amount of detail you would use in a homework assignment.

1. Prove that for every integer  $x$ , if  $x$  is odd then  $x^3$  is odd.
2. Describe in one or two sentences how you would show that the following statement is false.

For every integer  $a$ , if  $a$  is even then  $a^3 - 1$  is even.

3. Decide whether the following statement is true or false. If the statement is true, prove it. If the statement is false, give a counterexample to show that it is false.

If  $p < 0$  and  $mp < np$  then  $n < m$ .

*(First: Can you prove (or disprove) this statement with the theorems discussed in class? What modification(s) should we make to the statement before our theorems apply?)*

4. <sup>1</sup>Decide whether the following statements are true or false. If the statement is true, prove it. If the statement is false, give a counterexample to show that it is false.
  - (a) For all integers  $x, y$ , if  $xy > 0$  then  $x^2 + y^2 > 0$ .
  - (b) For all integers  $x, y$ , if  $x^2 + y^2 > 0$  then  $xy > 0$ .

From Problem Set 2:

PS2 #5 Decide whether the following statement is true or false:

If  $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $a < c$  and  $b < d$ , then  $ac < bd$ .

If the statement is true, prove it. If the statement is false, give a counterexample to show that it is false, and then come up with a revision of the statement that is true, and prove it.

PS2 #6 **Mathematical Virtue** Do you have ideas about how to prove #6 on Problem Set 2? What are the examples of multiplous and non-multiplous sets that you have come up with?

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<sup>1</sup>One of these is easy. The other one is hard.